

**Time: 3 Hours.****Max. Marks: 70**

Note: 1. This question paper contains two parts A and B.

2. Part- A is Compulsory. Answer all Questions which carries 20 marks.

3. Part – B consists 5 units. Answer any one question from each unit.

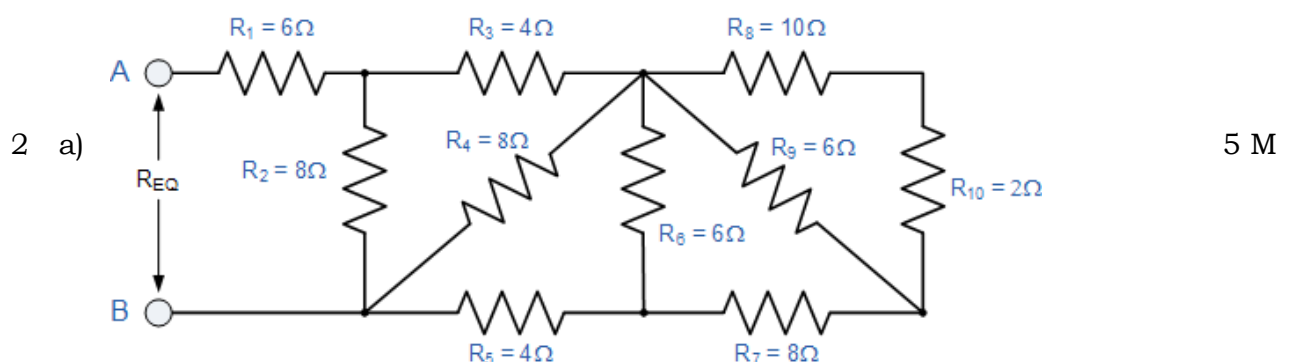
Each question carries 10 marks and may have a, b as sub questions.

**PART- A****(10 x 2 Marks = 20 Marks)**

1. a) Write the voltage and current equations across capacitor with a DC excitation? 2 M
- b) Write the initial and final condition for pure inductor supplying with a DC excitation. 2 M
- c) Define power factor. What is the formula for RL series circuit with AC excitation? 2 M
- d) Derive the average value of sinusoidal current. 2 M
- e) Draw the no load characteristics of 1-phase practical transformer. 2 M
- f) Differentiate between the 1-phase transformer and auto transformer. 2 M
- g) Why single-phase induction motor is not self-starting? 2 M
- h) Write the differences between self and separately excited motor? 2 M
- i) Define fuse and circuit breaker. 2 M
- j) What is earthing? and what is the importance of earthing? 2 M

**PART - B****(5 x 10 Marks = 50 Marks)**

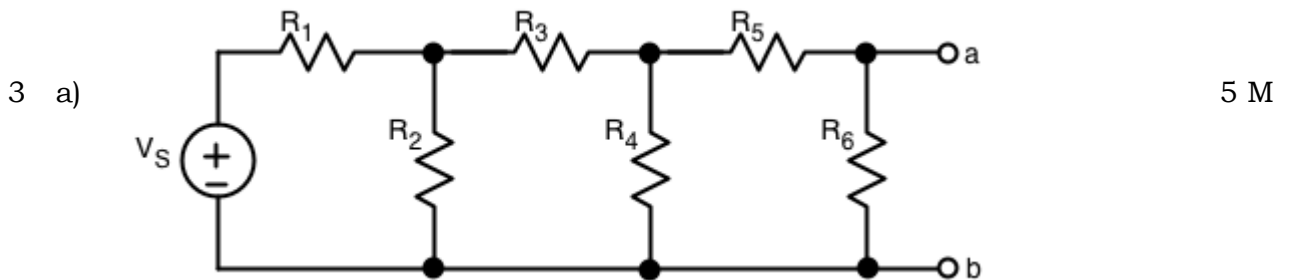
Find the equivalent resistance  $R_{EQ}$  for the following resistor combination circuit.



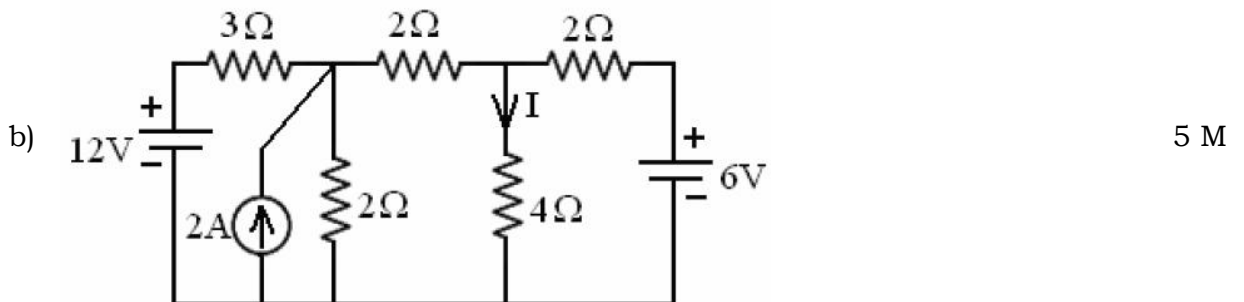
- b) State the superposition theory and thevenin's theory. 5 M

**OR**

For the circuit show below  $R_1 = 6k\Omega$ ,  $R_2 = 80k\Omega$ ,  $R_3 = 4k\Omega$ ,  $R_4 = 25k\Omega$ ,  $R_5 = 4k\Omega$ ,  $R_6 = 45k\Omega$  and  $V_s = 40v$  find the values for Norton's equivalent circuit respect to the terminals a and b.



Find current 'I' in the below circuit by using Nodal Analysis.



4 a) Derive the equation of impedance, current, phase angle, voltage drop across resistor and capacitor, power factor in a series RC single phase AC circuit. 5 M

Determine the input impedance of the circuit shown in below Figure at  $\omega = 10 \text{ rad/s}$ .



**OR**

5 a) A balanced star connected load of  $8+j6\Omega$  per phase is connected to a 3-phase 230V supply find (i) Line current (ii) Active power (iii) Reactive power (iv) Apparent power. 5 M

b) Derive the relation between line voltages and phase voltages, line currents and phase currents in star connection with phase diagram. 5 M

6 a) Explain the open circuit test and short circuit test on the 1-phase transformer with neat circuit diagrams. 10 M

**OR**

7 a) Explain the principle of operation of single phase transformer with a neat circuit diagram and derive the transformation ratio. 5 M

A 10kVA, 2000/400V single phase transformer has the following data:

$R_1 = 5\Omega$ ,  $X_1 = 12\Omega$ ;  $R_2 = 0.2\Omega$ ,  $X_2 = 0.48\Omega$ .

b) Determine the secondary terminal voltage at full-load, 0.8p.f lagging when the primary supply voltage is 2000V. 5 M

8 a) Explain the construction details and working principle of 3-phase induction motor with a neat diagram. 10 M

**OR**

9 a) Explain the speed control methods of separately excited dc motor 5 M

b) What are the starting methods of 3-phase induction motor? explain with neat circuit diagrams. 5 M

10 a) What are the different types of batteries? explain in detail. 5 M

b) Explain the operation of MCB and ELCB components of LT switchgear. 5 M

**OR**

11 a) Explain the operation of FSU and MCCB components of LT switchgear. 5 M

b) What are the different types of wires and cables? explain. 5 M

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