



MARRI LAXMAN REDDY INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND MANAGEMENT

(AN AUTONOMOUS INSTITUTION)

(Approved by AICTE, New Delhi & Affiliated to JNTUH, Hyderabad)

Accredited by NBA and NAAC with 'A' Grade & Recognized Under Section 2(f) & 12(B) of the UGC act, 1956

IB.TechISem Regular End Examination, April 2022

Engineering Mathematics - I (Common to all branches)

Time: 3 Hours.

Max. Marks: 70

Note: 1. Question paper consists: Part-A and Part-B.

2. In Part - A, answer all questions which carries 20 marks.

3. In Part - B, answer any one question from each unit.

Each question carries 10 marks and may have a, b as sub questions.

PART- A

(10*2 Marks = 20 Marks)

1. a) Find the rank of the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 & -1 & 5 \\ 5 & 1 & 4 & -2 \\ 1 & -4 & 11 & -19 \end{bmatrix}$ 2M CO1 BL2
- b) Define Echelon form of a matrix 2M CO1 BL1
- c) Find the eigen values of the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 8 & -4 \\ 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ 2M CO2 BL2
- d) Define diagonalization of a matrix 2M CO2 BL1
- e) State Rolle's theorem 2M CO3 BL1
- f) State Taylor's series. 2M CO3 BL1
- g) Write the chain rule for Partial derivatives. 2M CO4 BL3
- h) If $u = x^2 - y^2$, $x = 2r - 3s + 4$, $y = -r + 8s - 5$. Find $\frac{\partial u}{\partial r}$ 2M CO4 BL2
- i) Evaluate $\int_0^\pi \int_0^x x \sin y \, dy dx$ 2M CO5 BL3
- j) Evaluate $\int_3^4 \int_1^2 (xy + e^y) \, dx dy$ 2M CO5 BL3

PART- B

(10*5 Marks = 50 Marks)

Determine the values of b such that the rank of A is 3, where

- 2 a) $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 4 & 4 & -3 & 1 \\ b & 2 & 2 & 2 \\ 9 & 9 & b & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ 5M CO1 BL3
- b) Solve the system of equations using Gauss-Seidel method
 $2x - y = 7$; $-x + 2y - z = 1$; $-y + 2z = 1$. 5M CO1 BL4

OR

- 3 For the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 4 & 3 \\ 3 & 9 & 12 & 3 \\ 1 & 3 & 4 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$. Find non-singular matrices P and Q such that PAQ is in normal form. Hence find its rank. 10M CO1 BL3

- 4 a) Show that the two matrices $A, P^{-1}AP$ have the same eigen values. 5M CO2 BL3

- b) For a matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -3 \\ 0 & 3 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$ find the eigenvalues of $3A^3 + 5A^2 - 6A + 2I$. 5M C02 BL3

OR

- 5 Verify Cayley-Hamilton theorem and hence find the inverse of the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & -1 & 4 \\ 3 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$. 10M C02 BL4

- 6 a) Verify the Lagrange mean value theorem for $f(x) = x^2$ in $(1, 5)$ 5M C03 BL4
 b) Verify Cauchy's mean value theorem for the pair of functions e^x, e^{-x} in (a, b) 5M C03 BL4

OR

- 7 Prove that $\beta(m, n) = \frac{\Gamma(m)\Gamma(n)}{\Gamma(m+n)}$ 10M C03 BL3

- 8 a) Prove that the functions $u = x + y + z, v = xy + yz + zx, w = x^2 + y^2 + z^2$ are dependent and find the relation between them. 5M C04 BL3
 b) Prove that $x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = 3$, when $u = \log \left(\frac{x^4 + y^4}{x + y} \right)$ 5M C04 BL4

OR

- 9 If $u = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}}, x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \neq 0$ then evaluate $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial z^2}$. 10M C04 BL6

- 10 a) Evaluate $\int_0^a \int_0^{\sqrt{a^2 - y^2}} (x^2 + y^2) dy dx$ by changing into polar coordinates. 5M C05 BL6
 b) Evaluate $\iint_R e^{2x+3y} dx dy$ over the triangle bounded by $x = 0, y = 0$ and $x + y = 1$ 5M C05 BL6

OR

- 11 Find the volume of the tetrahedron bounded by the co-ordinate planes and the plane $\frac{x}{a} + \frac{y}{b} + \frac{z}{c} = 1$. 10M C05 BL3

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